

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

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JOHN CUTLER & ASSOCIATES

Board of Directors
Firestone Charter Academy
Firestone, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Firestone Charter Academy (the "School"), component unit of the St. Vrain Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the School, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Firestone Charter Academy as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, schedule of the school's proportionate share, and schedule of the school's contributions on pages 41-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Academy's financial statements. The combining schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

John Luthr & Associates, LLC

October 29, 2021



Management’s Discussion and Analysis – Fiscal Year 2020-2021

As management of Firestone Charter Academy (hereinafter the School), we offer readers of the School’s financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

The year ended June 30, 2021 is the 13th year of operations for the School. Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 (restated), the school implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which requires the school to include its proportional share of net pension liability in the financial statements. For more information on the implementation of GASB 68, please refer to Note 6 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

As of June 30, 2021, the school’s net position increased to (\$6,623,552) based on the implementation of new regulations under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) Number 68.

At the close of the fiscal year the School’s General Fund ending balance was \$3,205,912, an increase of \$791,110 from the prior year. The Building Corp. Fund reported an ending balance of \$594,258.

ISF Building Corporation was formed in Fiscal year 2019-2020 to assist in the financing and construction of the School’s facilities. In that same year, the Building Corporation received bond proceeds in the amount of \$17,695,000. Cash in the amount of \$594,258 has been restricted in the Building Corporation Fund for payment of the debt service expenses.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School’s basic financial statements. The School’s basic financial statements are comprised of two components: 1) government-wide financial statements and 2) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School’s finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the School's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected grant expenses and earned but unpaid salary and benefits).

The government-wide statement of activities distinguishes functions/programs of the School supported primarily by per pupil operating revenue (PPR) or other revenue passed through from the District (St. Vrain Valley RE-1J). The governmental activities of the School include instruction and supporting services expense.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-5 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other governmental units or charter schools, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School are categorized as governmental funds.

Governmental Funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains four individual governmental funds, however all funds are presented in one financial statement covering all funds. The Building Corporation accounts for one of those funds, the school accounts for the other three.

The School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This information is provided in pages 6-36.

Government-wide Financial Analysis - Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School's financial position. In the case of the School, liabilities exceeded assets resulting in a Net Position of (\$6,623,552) in FY2020-2021. As in each year since FY18, this is **directly related** to the new pension liability reporting requirement under GASB 68 and does not represent a claim on current financial resources.

	Governmental Activities June 30, 2021	Governmental Activities June 30, 2020
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	3,075,524	2,429,790
Restricted Cash & Investments	594,259	758,836
Accounts Receivable	63,158	26,838
Due from District	342,648	87,588
Prepaid Expenses	16,509	175,000
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	225,329	225,329
Capital Assets, Depreciated	15,546,409	16,045,000
Total Assets	19,863,836	19,748,381
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	2,553,042	791,173
Related to OPEB	35,397	26,679
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	2,588,439	817,852
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	16,407	72,044
Due to District	11,728	87
Accrued Salaries/Benefits	214,285	194,903
Accrued Interest	87,165	87,165
Deferred Revenues	49,506	37,380
Non-Current Liabilities:		
Due in One Year		
Due in More than One Year	17,695,000	17,695,000
Net Pension Liability	7,327,940	6,147,018
Net OPEB Liability	266,217	302,215
Total Liabilities	25,668,248	24,535,812
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to pensions	3,311,777	4,681,899
Related to OPEB	95,802	66,920
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,407,579	4,748,819
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	(1,329,003)	(665,835)
Restricted for Emergencies (TABOR)	190,500	201,000
Unrestricted	(5,485,049)	(8,253,563)
Total Net Assets	(6,623,552)	(8,718,398)

The largest portions of the School's assets are in Capital Assets (79%) and Cash and Investments (18%). The School's net assets increased in 2021 by \$2,094,846.

School Statement of Activities
For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities <u>June 30, 2021</u>	Governmental Activities <u>June 30, 2020</u>
Program Revenue:		
Charges for Services (tuition)	263,152	\$307,094
Operating Grants & Contributions (READ/PERA/CRF/ESSER, etc)	925,711	205,578
Capital Grants and Contributions	<u>185,773</u>	<u>162,987</u>
Total Program Revenue	<u>1,374,636</u>	<u>675,659</u>
General Revenue:		
Per Pupil Operating Revenue	4,880,299	4,846,920
Taxes (Mill Levy Override)	1,056,658	1,006,848
Interest		
Other (Misc, Fundraisers, Donations)	82,454	548,721
Capital Contributions from SVVSD	<u>0</u>	
Total General Revenue	<u>6,019,411</u>	<u>6,402,825</u>
 TOTAL REVENUES:	 7,394,047	 7,078,148
Expenses (include pension related items):		
Current:		
Instruction	2,201,601	2,349,527
Supporting Services	2,274,350	3,997,981
Interest on Long Term Debt	823,250	
Total Expenses	<u>5,299,201</u>	<u>6,347,508</u>
 Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	 791,110	 740,624
Beginning Net Position	<u>(8,718,398)</u>	<u>(9,459,022)</u>
Ending Net Position	<u><u>(6,623,552)</u></u>	<u><u>(8,718,398)</u></u>

The largest portion of the School's revenue comes from per pupil revenue: 66% in FY2021.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the School utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing The School's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the school's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$3,205,912, an increase of \$791,110 from the prior year. Total Per Pupil Revenue for the year increased by \$33,380, which is reflective of a decrease in funding from FY20 to FY21 that was partially offset by an increase in enrollment over FY20.

The School's enrollment increased last year. Below are the historical enrollment numbers:

Fiscal Year	Enrollment
2010 / 2011	566
2011 / 2012	588
2012 / 2013	629
2013 / 2014	600
2014 / 2015	606
2015 / 2016	551
2016 / 2017	534
2017 / 2018	506
2018 / 2019	532
2019 / 2020	584
2020 / 2021	614

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School approves a budget in April based on enrollment projections for the following school year. In December after enrollment stabilizes, adjustments are made to the budget. The School approved an Amended budget in December to true up the beginning fund balance and adjust to the actual student count. The FY21 Amended budget included using reserves, however actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures, allowing the school to add \$791,110 to reserves.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The School did not have any investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2021. ISF Building Corporation received bond proceeds in the amount of \$17,695,000. Cash in the amount of \$594,258 has been restricted in the Building Corporation Fund for payment of the debt service expenses.

Long-Term Debt.

In fiscal year 2019-2020, ISF Building Corporation took on long-term debt in the amount of \$17,695,000 in support of the building purchase project.

Economic Factors and Next Year’s Budget

In November of 2000 voters in Colorado approved a provision to the Colorado constitution providing that K-12 funding would increase at pupil growth, plus inflation, plus 1% for 10 years and thereafter, growth plus inflation. This provision was thought to stabilize the school finance act and removes funding from the political process. However, with the downturn in the economy and state shortfalls the school finance act was not exempt from budget cuts. Funding for FY 2011/2012 was adjusted downward by approximately \$336 per student because of those cuts.

In early 2020, the Sars-Cov-2 (COVID-19) pandemic struck, significantly impacting the Colorado economy and the school reduced budgeted expenses and revenues in anticipation of funding cuts. The revenue for 2020-2021 was reduced by 5.7% from the prior year, however additional anticipated cuts have not occurred. The Colorado economy is having a strong recovery, and as of the date of this report school funding for the 2021-2022 school year has been increased by apx. 9% over the 2020-2021 school year.

Prior to COVID-19, funding had been trending slightly upward since FY 2011/2012. See the table below for gross annual Per Pupil Revenue. Per Statute, the local school district may retain up to 5% of this amount for specific expenditures.

Fiscal Year	PPR
2010 / 2011	\$6663
2011 / 2012	\$6327
2012 / 2013	\$6332
2013 / 2014	\$6506
2014 / 2015	\$6898
2015 / 2016	\$7122
2016 / 2017	\$7223
2017 / 2018	\$7496
2018 / 2019	\$7916
2019 / 2020	\$8272
2020 / 2021	\$7844
2021 / 2022	\$8670

The FY 2020/2021 budget projected that the School’s general fund balance would show a decrease, which the school was able to mitigate with aggressive cost controls.

The Initial FY21/22 budget does not project use of the school’s reserve, though the school plans to again employ aggressive cost controls to avoid spending reserves if possible to offset any possible funding reductions. Any additional economic stimulus relating to COVID-19 may also impact the school’s budget. The school is actively engaged in marketing activities in an effort to increase enrollment for FY22 and beyond.

COVID-19. As a result of the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19), economic uncertainties may have economic implications on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the School. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be estimated at this time.

Termination of Management Agreement. As of July 1, 2020 the School Terminated its management agreement with Imagine Schools, Inc and changed its name to Firestone Charter Academy. As anticipated, the separation from the management company has not had a significant impact on enrollment.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School's finances for all those with an interest in the School's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Lori Olson, Business Manager
Firestone Charter Academy
5753 Twilight Avenue
Firestone, CO 80504

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	
	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,075,524	\$ 2,429,790
Restricted Cash and Investments	594,259	758,836
Accounts Receivable	63,158	26,838
Due from District	342,648	87,588
Prepaid Expenses	16,509	175,000
Capital Assets, not Depreciated	225,329	225,329
Capital Assets, Depreciated	15,546,409	16,045,000
	<u>19,863,836</u>	<u>19,748,381</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	2,553,042	791,173
Related to OPEB	35,397	26,679
	<u>2,588,439</u>	<u>817,852</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	16,407	72,044
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	214,285	194,903
Accrued Interest	87,165	87,165
Due to District	11,728	87
Unearned Revenues	49,506	37,380
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Due in One Year	-	-
Due in More Than One Year	17,695,000	17,695,000
Net Pension Liability	7,327,940	6,147,018
Net OPEB Liability	266,217	302,215
	<u>25,668,248</u>	<u>24,535,812</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	3,311,777	4,681,899
Related to OPEB	95,802	66,920
	<u>3,407,579</u>	<u>4,748,819</u>
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	(1,329,003)	(665,835)
Restricted for Emergencies	190,500	201,000
Unrestricted	(5,485,049)	(8,253,563)
	<u>(6,623,552)</u>	<u>(8,718,398)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ (6,623,552)</u>	<u>\$ (8,718,398)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2021

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	PROGRAM REVENUES			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
					2021	2020
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Governmental Activities						
Instructional	\$ 2,201,601	\$ 263,152	\$ 925,711	\$ -	\$ (1,012,738)	\$ (1,836,942)
Supporting Services	2,274,350	-	-	185,773	(2,088,577)	(3,738,094)
Interest on Long-term Deb	823,250	-	-	-	(823,250)	(87,165)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 5,299,201</u>	<u>\$ 263,152</u>	<u>\$ 925,711</u>	<u>\$ 185,773</u>	(3,924,565)	(5,662,201)
GENERAL REVENUES						
					4,880,299	4,846,920
					1,056,658	1,006,848
					-	336
					82,454	548,721
					<u>6,019,411</u>	<u>6,402,825</u>
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES						
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					2,094,846	740,624
NET POSITION, Beginning					<u>(8,718,398)</u>	<u>(9,459,022)</u>
NET POSITION, Ending					<u>\$ (6,623,552)</u>	<u>\$ (8,718,398)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Corporation	TOTAL	
			2021	2020
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,075,524	\$ -	\$ 3,075,524	\$ 2,429,790
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	594,259	594,259	758,836
Accounts Receivable	63,158	-	63,158	26,838
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	-
Due from District	342,648	-	342,648	87,588
Prepaid Expenses	16,509	-	16,509	175,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,497,839	\$ 594,259	\$ 4,092,098	\$ 3,478,052
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 16,407	\$ -	\$ 16,407	\$ 72,044
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	214,285	-	214,285	194,903
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	-
Due to the District	11,728	-	11,728	87
Unearned Revenues	49,506	-	49,506	37,380
TOTAL LIABILITIES	291,926	-	291,926	304,414
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	16,509	-	16,509	175,000
Restricted for Emergencies	190,500	-	190,500	201,000
Restricted for Debt Service	-	594,259	594,259	758,836
Unassigned	2,998,904	-	2,998,904	2,038,802
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	3,205,913	594,259	3,800,172	3,173,638
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,497,839	\$ 594,259		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

15,771,738 16,270,329

Long-term liabilities and related assets are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This liability includes net pension liability (\$7,327,940, net OPEB liability (\$266,217), deferred outflows related to pensions \$2,553,042, deferred outflows related to OPEB \$35,397 deferred inflows related to pensions (\$3,311,777), deferred inflows related to OPEB (\$95,802), bonds payable of (\$17,695,000) and accrued interest of (\$87,165).

(26,195,462) (28,162,365)

Net Position of governmental funds

\$ (6,623,552) \$ (8,718,398)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Building	TOTAL	
	Fund	Corporation	2021	2020
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 6,376,536	\$ 820,266	\$ 7,196,802	\$ 6,780,377
State Sources	259,983	-	259,983	281,334
Federal Sources	849,297	-	849,297	87,231
TOTAL REVENUES	7,485,816	820,266	8,306,082	7,148,942
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	3,774,810	-	3,774,810	3,376,753
Supporting Services	2,919,895	161,593	3,081,488	4,075,353
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	-	620,123
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	15,859,400
Debt Service				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	823,250	823,250	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,694,705	984,843	7,679,548	23,931,629
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	791,111	(164,577)	626,534	(16,782,687)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Proceeds from the Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	17,695,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	-	17,695,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	791,111	(164,577)	626,534	912,313
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	2,414,802	758,836	3,173,638	2,261,325
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 3,205,913	\$ 594,259	\$ 3,800,172	\$ 3,173,638

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 626,534
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount depreciation expense (\$543,893) exceeded capital outlay \$45,302, for the year.	(498,591)
Deferred Charges related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds. However, for the government-wide funds those amounts are capitalized and amortized.	<u>1,966,903</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,094,846</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Firestone Charter Academy (the “School”) was formed in June 2008, pursuant to the Colorado Charter Schools Act to form and operate a charter school. The School’s focus is to provide a Core-Knowledge curriculum that encourages students to become well-educated, virtuous citizens who will embody the following attributes: Competence, Curiosity, Courage, Conscience, Compassion, and Citizenship.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the School and organizations for which the School is financially accountable. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the School. In addition, any legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the School appoints a voting majority of the organization’s governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization provides benefits to, or imposes financial burdens on the School.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the following organization should be included in the School’s reporting entity:

ISF Building Corporation

The ISF Building Corporation. (“Corporation”) is considered to be financially accountable to the School. The purpose of the Corporation is to provide a mechanism to issue and pay debt on behalf of the School. The Corporation is considered to be part of the School for financial reporting purposes because its resources are entirely for the direct benefit of the School and is blended into the School’s financial statements a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements are not available.

The School is a component unit of the St. Vrain Valley School District (the “District”).

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of Net Position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the School. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Program revenues include 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, not to exceed 60 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenues, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The School reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund—This fund is the general operating fund of the School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is taken on the building on a straight line basis over 30 years.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Unearned Revenues – Unearned revenues include tuition payments that have been collected for the following school year.

Net Position – The government-wide fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Investment in capital assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost. Restricted net position is liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use. Unrestricted net position represents assets that do not have any third party limitations on their use.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification – The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School considers prepaid expenses to be nonspendable.
- Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies.
- Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The School did not have any committed resources as of June 30, 2021.
- Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The School would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the School's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented since its inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is adopted for General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

School management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget is adopted by the Board of Directors prior to June 30. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions must be approved by the Board of Directors. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Deposits	3,075,524
Investments	<u>594,259</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,669,783</u>

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At June 30, 2021, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the School are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held.

The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The School has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2021, the School had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$3,075,524. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$3,103,597. Of these balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,853,597 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the financial institution's name (PDPA).

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The School does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments units of local government may invest, which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government Agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 3: **CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Local Government Investment Pools

The School had invested \$594,259 in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Title 24, Article 75, Part 7 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating the Pools. CSAFE reports its underlying investments at amortized cost and is considered a qualifying external investment pool under GASB Statement 79. CSAFE operates similar to money market funds where each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fair value of the position in the pools is the same as the value of the pooled shares.

CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities are owned by the pools and held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pools. Investments of the pools comply with state statutes, consisting of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, repurchase agreements, U.S. Instrumentalities, Commercial Paper, Bank Deposits and Money Market Funds. CSAFE does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

Restricted Cash

Cash and investments in the amount of \$594,259 are restricted for debt service.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is summarized below.

	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2021</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, Not Depreciated				
Construction in Progress	\$ 225,329	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 225,329
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Buildings	16,045,000	-	-	16,045,000
Equipment	-	45,302	\$ -	45,302
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	16,045,000	45,302	-	16,090,302
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	-	534,833	-	534,833
Equipment	-	9,060	-	9,060
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	543,893	-	543,893
Capital Assets, Depreciated, net	16,045,000	(498,591)	-	15,546,409
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 16,270,329</u>	<u>\$ (498,591)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 15,771,738</u>

NOTE 5: ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from August to July, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, as of June 30, 2021, were \$214,285. Accordingly, the accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements of the General Fund.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of the School's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	<u>Balance</u>			<u>Balance</u>	<u>Due In</u>
	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>One Year</u>
Revenue Bonds 2020A	\$ 17,380,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,380,000	\$ -
Revenue Bonds 2020B	<u>315,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>315,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 17,695,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,695,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Revenue Bonds

In May 2020, the Colorado Educational and Cultural Facilities Authority (CECFA) issued \$17,695,000 Charter School Revenue Bonds (Series 2020). Proceeds from the bonds were used to purchase the School's existing building. The School is obligated to make monthly lease payments to the Building Corporation for use of the building. The Building Corporation is required to make equal lease payments to the Trustee, for payment of the bonds. Interest accrued at rates ranging from 4.5% to 6.00% per annum and is paid monthly. Principal payments are due annually beginning June 1, 2024, with a balloon payment of \$16,795,000 due on June 1, 2027.

Future debt service requirements are as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ -	\$ 801,000	\$ 801,000
2023	-	801,000	801,000
2024	350,000	801,000	1,151,000
2025	270,000	780,525	1,050,525
2026	280,000	768,375	1,048,375
2027	<u>16,795,000</u>	<u>755,775</u>	<u>17,550,775</u>
Total	<u>\$ 17,695,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,707,675</u>	<u>\$ 22,402,675</u>

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The School participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 made changes to certain benefit provisions. Most of these changes were in effect as of June 30, 2021.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2020. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2020, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA’s Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2021: Eligible employees of the School and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.00 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2020 Through June 30, 2021
Employer contribution rate	10.90%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	19.88%

**Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. House Bill (HB) 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020 for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the School were \$534,759 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2020. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

Due to the aforementioned suspension of the July 1, 2020, direct distribution payment, the nonemployer contributing entity's proportion is zero percent. Pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the direct distribution payment from the State of Colorado is to recommence annually starting on July 1, 2021. For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation.

At June 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$7,327,940 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$7,327,940
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the School	-
Total	\$7,327,940

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, the School's proportion was .0485 percent, which was an increase of .0073 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School recognized pension income of \$1,475,087 and revenue of \$0 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2021, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$402,634	N/A
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$704,925	\$1,231,763
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	N/A	\$1,613,045
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	\$1,179,920	\$466,969
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$265,563	N/A
Total	\$2,553,042	\$3,311,777

\$265,563 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	(\$1,236,672)
2023	\$550,438
2024	(\$83,598)
2025	(\$254,466)

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50%–9.70%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.25%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.25%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Salary scale assumptions were revised to align with revised economic assumptions and to more closely reflect actual experience.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)]

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a benefit-weighted basis.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)]

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class.

These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

	Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of	
1	Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%	The
	Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%	
	Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%	
	Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%	
	Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%	
	Total	100.00%		

Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)]

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded. HB 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020, for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)]

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHD'TF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$9,995,910	\$7,327,940	\$5,104,642

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHD'TF's FNP is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The School participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the School were \$27,437 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$266,217 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2020. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the School's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2020, the School's proportion was .0280 percent, which was an increase of .00011 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$11,603.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$707	\$58,526
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$1,989	\$16,324
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	N/A	\$10,878
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	\$19,076	\$10,074
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$13,625	N/A
Total	\$35,397	\$95,802

\$13,625 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	(\$16,390)
2023	(\$14,868)
2024	(\$19,975)
2025	(\$17,484)
2026	(\$5,007)
Thereafter	(\$306)

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	8.10% in 2020, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50% in 2020, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2019, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2020 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Medicare Plan	Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A		
	Monthly Cost	Monthly Premium	Monthly Cost Adjusted to
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$588	\$227	\$550
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	621	232	586

The 2020 Medicare Part A premium is \$458 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2019, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A
2020	8.10%	3.50%
2021	6.40%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	4.00%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period of January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	Trust Fund			
	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:				
Members other than State Troopers	3.30%-10.90%	3.40%-11.00%	3.20%-11.30%	2.80%-5.30%
State Troopers	3.20%-12.40%	N/A	3.20%-12.40% ¹	N/A

¹ C.R.S. § 24-51-101 (46), as amended, expanded the definition of “State Troopers” to include certain employees within the Local Government Division, effective January 1, 2020. See Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements in PERA's 2020 Annual Report for more information.

The long-term rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation and discount rate assumptions were 7.25 percent.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

Mortality assumptions used in the roll forward calculations for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF, using a headcount-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 94 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 90 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 87 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 107 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Disabled mortality assumptions for Members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2020 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by the Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

¹The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$259,336	\$266,217	\$274,227

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2020, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN
(Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$304,956	\$266,217	\$233,177

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and Judgments

The School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2021, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited, but the School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021

NOTE 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed the Tabor Amendment to the State Constitution, which limits state and local government tax powers and imposes spending limitations. Fiscal year 1993 provides the basis for limits in future years to which may be applied allowable increases for inflation and student enrollment. Revenue received in excess of the limitations may be required to be refunded. The School believes it has complied with the Amendment. As required by the Amendment, the School has established a reserve for emergencies. At June 30, 2021, the reserve of \$190,500 was recorded as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund.

NOTE 10: DEFICIT NET POSITION

The School reported a deficit Net Position of the government type activities in the amount of \$6,623,552. This is due to the School including the Net Pension Liability per GASB No. 68 and the Net OPEB Liability per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75.

NOTE 11: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Potential subsequent events were considered through October 29, 2021. It was determined that no events were required to be disclosed through this date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021			VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2020 ACTUAL
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
REVENUES					
Local Sources					
Per Pupil Revenue	\$ 4,440,591	\$ 4,816,198	\$ 4,880,299	\$ 64,101	\$ 4,846,920
Mill Levy Override	1,006,848	1,006,848	1,056,658	49,810	1,006,848
Tuition and Fees	194,650	194,650	263,152	68,502	307,094
Grants and Donations	-	-	93,973	93,973	-
Other	169,938	152,075	82,454	(69,621)	548,721
State and Federal Sources					
Grants and Donations	238,042	594,159	1,109,280	515,121	368,565
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>6,050,069</u>	<u>6,763,930</u>	<u>7,485,816</u>	<u>721,886</u>	<u>7,078,148</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Salaries	2,154,694	2,417,325	2,284,267	133,058	2,164,502
Employee Benefits	1,086,132	1,146,666	1,154,454	(7,788)	986,510
Purchased Services	52,856	134,856	129,836	5,020	(16,044)
Supplies and Materials	73,750	82,412	150,051	(67,639)	149,369
Property	-	27,000	56,202	(29,202)	92,416
Other	1,500	2,000	-	2,000	-
Total Instruction	<u>3,368,932</u>	<u>3,810,259</u>	<u>3,774,810</u>	<u>35,449</u>	<u>3,376,753</u>
Supporting Services					
School Administration					
Salaries	504,458	540,875	562,513	(21,638)	492,554
Employee Benefits	247,790	265,398	131,607	133,791	148,274
Purchased Services	1,894,453	1,757,860	1,520,226	237,634	2,687,214
Supplies and Materials	228,200	412,336	468,957	(56,621)	211,209
Property	115,000	163,000	236,592	(73,592)	3,492
Other	4,760	4,912	-	4,912	5,175
Total Supporting Services	<u>2,994,661</u>	<u>3,144,381</u>	<u>2,919,895</u>	<u>224,486</u>	<u>3,547,918</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>6,363,593</u>	<u>6,954,640</u>	<u>6,694,705</u>	<u>259,935</u>	<u>6,924,671</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(313,524)	(190,710)	791,111	981,821	153,477
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	<u>2,261,325</u>	<u>2,414,802</u>	<u>2,414,802</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,261,325</u>
FUND BALANCE, Ending	<u>\$ 1,947,801</u>	<u>\$ 2,224,092</u>	<u>\$ 3,205,913</u>	<u>\$ 981,821</u>	<u>\$ 2,414,802</u>

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUST FUND

Years Ended December 31,

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.039%	0.047%	0.048%	0.042%	0.049%	0.042%	0.412%	0.485%
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,961,328	\$ 6,352,906	\$ 7,401,431	\$ 14,343,581	\$ 15,948,377	\$ 7,448,238	\$ 6,147,018	\$ 7,327,940
School's covered payroll	\$ 1,486,549	\$ 2,104,809	\$ 2,153,001	\$ 2,162,183	\$ 2,267,151	\$ 2,338,137	\$ 2,417,613	\$ 2,590,838
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	333.7%	301.8%	343.8%	663.4%	703.5%	318.6%	254.3%	282.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.1%	62.8%	59.2%	43.1%	44.0%	57.0%	64.5%	67.0%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY
 SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS
 SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUST FUND

Years Ended June 30,

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 322,095	\$ 367,378	\$ 404,061	\$ 425,305	\$ 463,008	\$ 470,506	\$ 479,288	\$ 534,759
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contributions	<u>322,095</u>	<u>367,378</u>	<u>404,061</u>	<u>425,305</u>	<u>463,008</u>	<u>470,506</u>	<u>479,288</u>	<u>534,759</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School's covered payroll	\$ 1,866,813	\$ 2,037,811	\$ 2,153,001	\$ 2,170,036	\$ 2,326,870	\$ 2,338,137	\$ 2,473,106	\$ 2,689,944
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.25%	18.03%	18.77%	19.60%	19.90%	20.12%	19.38%	19.88%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUST FUND

Years Ended December 31,

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
School's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	0.027%	0.028%	0.027%	0.268%	0.280%
School's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 363,337	\$ 364,197	\$ 371,994	\$ 302,215	\$ 266,217
School's covered payroll	\$ 2,162,183	\$ 2,267,151	\$ 2,590,838	\$ 2,417,613	\$ 2,590,838
School's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.8%	16.1%	14.4%	12.5%	10.3%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	16.7%	17.5%	17.0%	24.5%	32.8%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS
SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUST FUND

Years Ended June 30,

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 22,134	\$ 23,734	\$ 23,851	\$ 25,226	\$ 27,437
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contributions	<u>22,134</u>	<u>23,734</u>	<u>23,851</u>	<u>25,226</u>	<u>27,437</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School's covered payroll	\$ 2,170,036	\$ 2,326,870	\$ 2,338,137	\$ 2,473,106	\$ 2,689,944
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2021

	GENERAL FUND	GRANT FUND	PUPIL ACTIVITIES	PRESCHOOL FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 2,465,433	\$ -	\$ 530,270	\$ 79,821	\$ 3,075,524
Accounts Receivable	63,158	-	-	-	63,158
Due from Other Funds	274,467	-	78,188	3,813	356,468
Due from District	289,252	-	-	53,396	342,648
Prepaid Expenditures	16,509	-	-	-	16,509
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,108,819	\$ -	\$ 608,458	\$ 137,030	\$ 3,854,307
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 16,407	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,407
Accounts Payable - District	11,728	-	-	-	11,728
Due to Other Funds	-	-	302,729	53,739	356,468
Accrued Expenses	214,285	-	-	-	214,285
Unearned Revenues	-	-	49,506	-	49,506
TOTAL LIABILITIES	242,420	-	352,235	53,739	648,394
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	16,509	-	-	-	16,509
Restricted for Emergencies	190,500	-	-	-	190,500
Unassigned	2,659,390	-	256,223	83,291	2,998,904
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	2,866,399	-	256,223	83,291	3,205,913
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,108,819	\$ -	\$ 608,458	\$ 137,030	\$ 3,854,307

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

FIRESTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	GENERAL FUND	GRANT FUND	PUPIL ACTIVITIES	PRESCHOOL FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources					
Per pupil revenue	\$ 4,880,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,880,300
Mill Levy	1,056,658	-	-	-	1,056,658
Tuition and Fees	-	-	80,557	182,595	263,152
Grants and Contributions	-	-	96,722	251	96,973
Other	79,453	-			79,453
State and Federal					
Grants and Contributions	858,861	185,773		64,646	1,109,280
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>6,875,272</u>	<u>185,773</u>	<u>177,279</u>	<u>247,492</u>	<u>7,485,816</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Salaries	2,650,483	-	-	196,298	2,846,781
Employee Benefits	1,246,492	-	-	39,569	1,286,061
Purchased Services	1,643,124	-	400	6,538	1,650,062
Supplies and Materials	519,045	-	98,691	1,272	619,008
Property	107,020	185,773	-	-	292,793
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>6,166,164</u>	<u>185,773</u>	<u>99,091</u>	<u>243,677</u>	<u>6,694,705</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	709,108	-	78,188	3,815	791,111
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	<u>2,157,290</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>178,035</u>	<u>79,476</u>	<u>2,414,802</u>
FUND BALANCES, Ending	<u>\$ 2,866,398</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 256,223</u>	<u>\$ 83,291</u>	<u>\$ 3,205,913</u>

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.